



YESHIVA UNIVERSITY HIGH SCHOOLS SAFE AND SICK LEAVE POLICY

Yeshiva University High Schools (“YUHS”) is in compliance with the New York City Earned Safe and Sick Time Act ([New York City Paid Safe and Sick Leave Law](#)) and the New York State Paid Sick and Safe Time Law ([New York State Paid Sick and Safe Leave Act](#)) (collectively, “Paid Safe and Sick Leave Laws”) and provides leave under this policy in accordance with those laws. In accordance with the Paid Safe and Sick Leave Laws, employees can use up to forty (40) hours of paid safe and sick leave each calendar year for the reasons described below. For purposes of this policy, a calendar year is defined as January 1 to December 31.

Accrual: All eligible employees will receive a grant of forty (40) hours of paid safe and sick leave (“NYPSL”) upon hire and thereafter on January 1 of each calendar year which may be used as described in this policy. Unused NYPSL will carry over from year to year; however, employees may only use a maximum of forty (40) hours of NYPSL in any given calendar year.

All employees may use NYPSL as it is earned without a corresponding waiting period. Please note that for most employee classifications, YUHS’ other leave policies are more generous than that required under the Paid Safe and Sick Leave Laws.

Any NYPSL earned or used by employees beyond forty (40) hours and pursuant to other YUHS policies is subject to the requirements under those other policies.

Unpaid Safe and Sick Leave. Employees will receive an additional grant of thirty-two (32) hours of unpaid safe and sick leave upon hire and thereafter on January 1 of each calendar year which may be used as described in this policy. The unpaid leave is available for immediate use as it is granted, and can be used for any of the covered reasons described in this policy and in the manner provided under this policy. Unused unpaid safe and sick leave will not carry over from year to year. NYPSL will be used before unpaid safe and sick leave, to the extent NYPSL is available and the employee has not specifically requested to use their unpaid leave.

Permitted Purposes. Employees may use up to forty (40) hours of NYPSL and thirty-two (32) hours of unpaid safe and sick leave per calendar year for:



1. An employee's or employee's family member's own mental or physical illness, injury or health condition; or need for medical diagnosis, care, or treatment of a mental or physical illness, injury or health condition; or need for preventative medical care, regardless of whether such illness, injury, or health condition has been diagnosed or requires medical care at the time that such employee requests such leave.
2. Care of the employee's family member who needs medical diagnosis, care, or treatment of a mental or physical illness, injury, or health condition; or who needs preventative medical care.
3. Closure of the employee's place of business by order of a public official due to a public health emergency or a public disaster, which is defined to include events such as a fire, explosion, terrorist attack, severe weather conditions, or other catastrophe that is declared a public emergency or disaster by the U.S. President, New York Governor, or New York City Mayor.
4. To care for the employee's child whose school or care provider has restricted in-person operations or closed due to a public health emergency or a public disaster (see definition above in preceding paragraph).
5. Where a public official directs people to remain indoors or avoid travel during a public disaster and the direction results in the employee being unable to report to their worksite.
6. Where an employee or an employee's family member has been the victim of workplace violence, which is defined as "any act or threat of violence against an employee that occurs in a place of employment".
7. When an employee or an employee's family member may be the victim of any act or threat of domestic violence or unwanted sexual contact, a family offense, stalking, or human trafficking, and the employee needs to take actions necessary to restore the physical, psychological, or economic health or safety of the employee or their family member, or to protect those who associate or work with the employee, including to:
 - Obtain services from a domestic violence shelter, rape crisis center, or other services program.
 - Participate in safety planning; relocate; enroll a child in a new school; or take other actions to protect their safety or that of their family members.



- Meet with an attorney or social service provider to obtain information and advice related to custody; visitation; matrimonial issues; orders of protection; immigration; housing; and discrimination in employment, housing, or consumer credit, and prepare for or participate in any criminal or civil proceeding.
- File a complaint or domestic incident report with law enforcement, or meet with a district attorney's office.
- Take any other actions necessary to ensure the health or safety of the employee or the employee's family member, or to protect those who associate or work with the employee.

8. Absences when the employee acts as a caregiver to their minor child or care recipient.
9. Certain absences involving obtaining ,or legal proceedings related to, subsistence benefits or housing for the employee, their family member, or their care recipient.
10. Any other reason covered under Paid Safe and Sick Leave Laws.

Safe and sick leave is not to be used to extend vacation or holidays. Misuse of safe and sick leave may result in disciplinary action, up to and including termination.

“Family members” are defined as an employee’s child (a biological child, an adopted or foster child, a legal ward, or a child of an employee standing in loco parentis), spouse, domestic partner, parent (a biological parent, a foster, step- or adoptive parent, a legal guardian of an employee, or a person who stood in loco parentis when the employee was a minor child), sibling (half, adopted, or step- sibling), grandchild, grandparent, the child or parent of an employee’s spouse or domestic partner, any other individual related by blood to the employee, or any other individual whose close association with the employee is equivalent of a family relationship.

Increments of Usage. Employees must use safe and sick leave in minimum increments of one (1) hour, and then in thirty (30)-minute increments thereafter.

Who is governed by this Policy. All YUHS employees who work in New York State, including full-time, part-time, temporary, and per-diem employees. For purposes of this policy, the benefit year is the calendar year measured from January 1 through December 31.



Exclusions. This policy does not apply to individuals excluded from coverage by the Paid Safe and Sick Leave Laws, such as students who work under Federal Work Study programs and individuals for hours worked by or through qualified scholarships.

Documentation. Employees who use more than three (3) consecutive days of safe and sick leave are required to provide reasonable documentation to verify that the time was used for a covered reason under this policy. Reasonable documentation, however, does not need to explain the nature of the reason for leave. Requests for documentation may include the following:

- o For absences due to sick leave reasons, documentation signed by a licensed health care provider, licensed clinical social worker, or licensed mental health counselor indicating that leave is required, the amount of leave needed, and a date that the employee may return to work.
- o For absences due to safe leave reasons, documentation signed by an employee, agent, or volunteer of a victim services organization, an attorney, a member of the clergy, or a medical or other professional service provider from whom the employee or that employee's family member has sought assistance in addressing family offense matters, sex offenses, stalking, or human trafficking and their effects; a police or court record; or a notarized letter from the employee explaining the need for such time.

Reasonable documentation should be provided within seven (7) days of the employee's return to work following a covered absence, unless otherwise required by applicable law. Employees should provide the reasonable documentation to Human Resources.

An employee may be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including termination, for failure or delay in providing the required reasonable documentation.

In no event shall anything herein be construed as requiring an employee or an employee's health care provider to disclose details of the employee's or employee's family member's injury, illness, or condition that required the use of safe or sick leave, except as may be required by law.

Notice Requirements. For safe and sick leave that is foreseeable (i.e., the employee is aware of the needed absence seven (7) or more days in advance of the absence),



reasonable advance notice (oral or written) must be provided by the employee to their supervisor or department head. Employees are not required to provide notice more than seven (7) days in advance. If the need is unforeseeable (e.g., sudden illness), YUHS requests that employees give notice (oral or written) via telephone call, email, or text message to their supervisor or department head as soon as practicable.

Termination of Employment. Any accrued but unused safe and sick leave under this policy will not be paid out upon termination, resignation, retirement, or other separation from employment. Terminated employees are not entitled to a reimbursement of accrued but unused safe and sick leave. If an employee separates from YUHS and is rehired within six (6) months, previously accrued but unused safe and sick leave will be reinstated, and the employee will be entitled to use such reinstated safe and sick leave and accrue additional safe and sick leave (as provided in this policy) immediately upon rehire.

No Retaliation/Discrimination. As required by law, an employer cannot retaliate against employees for requesting or using safe and sick leave. All employees have the right to take safe and sick leave, and YUHS prohibits discrimination or retaliation based on employees' good faith exercise of their right to take safe and sick leave. Any employee who believes that they have been subject to such discrimination or retaliation must immediately report the incident to Human Resources.

Record-Keeping. As required by law, YUHS must keep and maintain records for at least six (6) years documenting the accrual and use of safe and sick leave under this policy, including the reason for any use. YUHS employees should report safe and sick leave taken to their applicable YUHS Principal's office with the notation "Family Safe/Sick Day" when using safe and sick leave under this policy.

Confidentiality. YUHS will not require the disclosure of details relating to an employee's or their family member's illness, injury, or health condition or require the disclosure of details relating to an employee's or their family member's status as a victim of domestic violence, family offenses, sexual offenses, stalking or human trafficking as a condition of using time off for a covered reason as set forth above. Any information obtained for the purposes of utilizing or verifying safe and sick leave shall be treated as confidential and shall not be disclosed except by the affected employee,



with the written permission of the affected employee, or as required by law. All records must be made available to any city or state agency that has responsibility for enforcing the Paid Safe and Sick Leave Laws.